

**R15**

Code No: 127FE

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

B. Tech IV Year I Semester Examinations, February - 2025

**MICROWAVE ENGINEERING**  
(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Note: i) Question paper consists of Part A, Part B.

ii) Part A is compulsory, which carries 25 marks. In Part A, Answer all questions.

iii) In Part B, Answer any one question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

**PART – A**

(25 Marks)

- 1.a) Define phase velocity and group velocity of a wave. [2]
- b) Draw the field pattern of  $TE_{11}$  mode in rectangular waveguide. [3]
- c) Find the resonant frequency of an air-filled cavity resonator with dimensions.  $a=5$  cm,  $b=3$  cm and  $d=4$  cm. [2]
- d) Draw the E-plane Tee junction diagram. [3]
- e) What is transit time effect in conventional tubes? [2]
- f) Draw typical Applegate diagram. [3]
- g) What is mode jumping in cavity magnetron? [2]
- h) Draw the diagram of IMPATT diode and carrier concentration. [3]
- i) State the significance of S-Parameters at high frequencies. [2]
- j) What are the possible errors in high frequency measurements? [3]

**PART – B**

(50 Marks)

- 2.a) Why TEM modes are not possible in hollow rectangular wave guides? Elaborate.
- b) A  $TE_{10}$  wave at 10 GHz propagates in a rectangular wave guide filled with medium air has dimensions 1.5 cm X 0.6 cm. Determine guided wave length and wave impedance. [4+6]

**OR**

3. Derive the expressions for the field components due to TE waves in a rectangular waveguide. [10]

- 4.a) Describe the working of H-plane Tee and state why it is called shunt Tee.
- b) With the help of diagram, explain working of Gyrator. [5+5]

**OR**

- 5.a) Discuss how modes are created on a rectangular cavity.
- b) Explain the working of Magic Tee with neat sketch. [5+5]

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6.a) With the help of Applegate diagram, explain the bunching process and hence the velocity modulation in Klystron amplifier.

b) State the limitations of conventional tubes at high frequencies. [7+3]

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**OR**

7.a) Classify the various microwave tubes with respect to the orientation of electric and magnetic fields.

b) Explain with neat sketch, the principle of operation of a TWT amplifier and write the equations for the maximum voltage gain and efficiency. [4+6]

8.a) Derive equation for Hull cut-off voltage in a Magnetron.

b) Explain the principle of operation of cavity magnetron and discuss phase focusing effect. [5+5]

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**OR**

9.a) Discuss in detail the principle of operation of GUNN diode considering the two valley model theory and sketch its volt-ampere characteristics.

b) An n-type GaAs GUNN diode has the following specifications:

Threshold field 3kV/cm

Applied field 3.0 kV/cm

Device length 9 micrometers

Doping constant  $10^{14}$  electrons/cm<sup>3</sup>

Operating frequency 10 GHz

Calculate the current density (-ve) and electron mobility in the device. [5+5]

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10.a) Derive the s-matrix of circulator.

b) Explain the double minima method of measuring VSWR. [5+5]

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**OR**

11.a) Describe how the frequency of a given microwave source can be measured using two different methods.

b) What are the different possible errors that will affect VSWR measurements? [7+3]

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